

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

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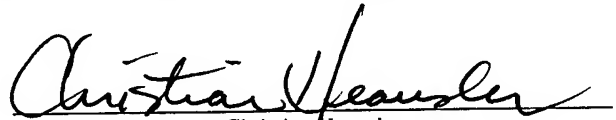
TITLE:

EXPANDABLE AIR FILTRATION APPARATUS

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SPECIFICATION

FIELD

[0001] The present embodiments relate to air filtration apparatus that are expandable to fit various air duct sizes.

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BACKGROUND

[0002] The present application claims priority to co-pending Provisional U.S. Patent Application Serial No 60/428,368 filed November 22, 2002; co-pending Provisional U.S. Patent Application Serial No 60/428,369 filed November 22, 2002; and co-
10 pending Provisional U.S. Patent Application Serial No 60/428,367 filed November 22, 2002.

[0003] Numerous means exist for removing particle matter from atmospheric air before introducing air into a heating, venting and/or air conditioning system. Usually these systems have one or more removable and replaceable rigid filter elements that are
15 manufactured to a specific length and height and being that are inserted into a channeled filter housing to effectively seal the unit from the introduction of dust, dirt, and pollen.

[0004] Over time the filter element will be periodically replaced due to the build up of contaminants on the filter media that requires the technician to purchase a filter
20 element from the original equipment manufacturer or some third party supplier whose sole business is manufacturing generic filter elements.

[0005] This system leaves the technician with little choice but to stock every conceivable filter element and to carry them around from job site to job site or order the replacement filter element and schedule a second on-site maintenance call to install

the element when it arrives.

5 [0006] Not only does this cost the service technician by having to visit the same site twice and having to perform certain functions twice, but also is an inconvenience to the client, having to shut the system down again. There is also the case of being unable to find or order the filter cartridge due to the age of the equipment, thereby requiring the installation of a filter cartridge that almost fits, which further stresses an aged system that will require more frequent maintenance visits and more time to remove the inevitable buildup of dirt and debris from within the system that is entering from around the edges of an ill fitting filter cartridge. Customers can't or won't understand why their system performance is so poor and feel that their service bureau is more interested in selling them a new system rather than maintaining the one they have.

10 [0007] Additionally, the replaceable rigid filter elements allow significant contaminated, uncleaned airflow to circulate around the replaceable rigid filter elements due to variations in tolerances of the replaceable rigid filter elements and the original equipment manufacturer's channeled filter housing. This bypass forces the technician to mechanically clean the original equipment manufacturer's air conditioning system and the attached ductwork and air distribution registers more frequently than necessary if proper air seal integrity were achievable and is detrimental to the mechanical and thermodynamic efficiency of the original equipment manufacturer's air conditioning system.

15 [0008] Further, the standard practice of employing a cardboard superstructure to give rigidity to replaceable filter element described in the prior art causes the rigidity to deteriorate during high humidity conditions or rainstorms. Thus, producing situations in which the replaceable rigid filter element is drawn out of the original equipment manufacturer's air conditioning system channeled filter housing and into the air moving fan, therefore destroying the replaceable rigid filter element's ability to filter at all. The use of this cardboard superstructure also blinds a portion of the replaceable rigid filter element and reduces the capacity of the element to capture and

retain particulate matter. Finally, the use of this cardboard superstructure demands the use of wood fiber and is not environmentally conservative.

5 [0009] Therefore, a need exists to provide the technician with the ability to fabricate the needed filter element on-site, on an as-needed basis and in a custom size providing a positive seal, eliminating the reliance on cardboard for rigidity all of which will reduce system maintenance, improve equipment performance, foster good customer relations, and assist in conserving valuable forest resources. Prior art reference includes Beier US Patent No 6,214,076; Culwell US Patent No 6,152,980; and Stein US Patent No 5,968,217.

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SUMMARY

15 [00010] An embodiment of the apparatus overcomes the shortcoming of the prior art by providing an apparatus for air filtration with two overlapping frames. Each frame contains pleated filter media and expandable mesh portioned on one side and laminated to the pleated filter media. Each of the frames has at least two front supports members. The overlapping frames allow the entire apparatus to be expanded to various sizes in order to fit different size air ducts.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

20 [00011] The present apparatus will be explained in greater detail with reference to the appended figures, in which:

[00012] FIG 1 depicts a front view of the apparatus;

[00013] FIG 2 depicts a front view the two inter-engaging panels of the front frame;

- [00014] FIG 3 depicts a front view of the two inter-engaging panels of the back frame;
- [00015] FIG 4 depicts an expanded perspective view of the expandable mesh laminated onto the pleated filter media;
- 5 [00016] FIG 5 depicts an expanded perspective view of the pleated filter media as it fits into the back and front panels;
- [00017] FIG 6a depicts a front view of support members in a “diamond” shape;
- [00018] FIG 6b depicts a front view of support members in a combination of the “diamond” shape and the “X” shape;
- [00019] FIG 6c depicts a front view of three support members in a parallel orientation;
- 10 [00020] FIG 6d depicts a is a front view of a support configuration having a circle with a plurality of support arms; and
- [00021] FIG 6e depicts front view of a support configuration wherein at least one vertical member and one horizontal member are used.
- [00022] The present apparatus is detailed below with reference to the listed Figures.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[00023] Before explaining the present apparatus in detail, it is to be understood that the apparatus is not limited to the particular embodiments and that it can be practiced or carried out in various ways.

20 [00024] An embodiment is an apparatus (10) for air filtration. This apparatus can be used for air conditioning systems, heating systems, gas turbine systems, engine rooms, airplane fresh air intakes, and air purifiers. It can also be used for school systems,

hospitals, homes, commercial buildings, aircraft carriers, boats, oil rigs, industrial plants, compressors, electrical control panels, and other end uses.

[00025] This apparatus is particularly useful as it can be made from recycled materials. The recycled materials have a significant environmental benefit in minimizing waste.

5 [00026] FIG 1 depicts the preferred embodiment of the apparatus. The apparatus contains an outer frame (100), an inner frame (200), and a pleated filter media (20). The material of the outer frame and the inner frame is preferably contemplated to be cardboard, wax coated cardboard, chip board, beverage board, paper board with a certain level of stiffness, and recyclable board.

10 [00027] The inner frame (200) slides into the outer frame (100) through the second outer side (140) of the outer frame (100). The inner frame preferably snugly fits within the outer frame yet enables sliding of the inner frame against the outer frame.

[00028] The inner frame (200) has a second inner side (240) that is open. The opened second inner side (240) and the opened second outer side (140) allows the pleated filter media (20) to cover both panels. Since the inner panel (200) slides back and forth in the outer panel (100), the apparatus (10) can be easily adjusted to a necessary length.

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[00029] In a preferred embodiment, the pleated filter media is an electrostatic filter. The electrostatic filter is made of a synthetic non-woven material, but can also be a cotton blend. The filter media is available from Kimberly Clark of Atlanta, Georgia, Columbus Industries of North Carolina, and HRS Textiles of North Carolina. The synthetic electrostatic filter can have polyolefin fibers, while the cotton blend filter can have polypropylene/polyester fibers. This style of filter promotes high efficiency with a low pressure drop, no fiber shedding, and no moisture absorption.

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[00030] An embodiment is an apparatus for antimicrobial air filtration. The antimicrobial air filtration utilizes filter media with an antimicrobial coating. The antimicrobial air filter inhibits the growth of mold, mildew, fungi, and bacteria. The filter is also

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designed to be efficient in removing particulates from the air. The antimicrobial air filter destroys microorganisms on direct contact and improves air quality. The antimicrobial agent is non-migratory with no off-gassing.

5 [00031] An embodiment is an apparatus for carbon treated air filtration. Likewise, the carbon treated air filtration utilizes pleated carbon treated filter media, such as carbon impregnated polyester, that is efficient in removing particulates from the air.

[00032] In an alternative embodiment, the filter media can be self-supporting. In addition, the filter media can be heat treated by heat scoring the filter media. The filter media can be MERV rated and can also be adapted to include air fresheners.

10 [00033] FIG 2 is a view of the two parts of the outer frame (100). The outer frame has an outer front panel (105), an outer back panel (115), an outer top side (125), an outer bottom side (130), an outer first side (135), and an outer second side (140). The outer front panel (105) and outer back panel (115) are connected at the outer top side (125), the outer bottom side (130), and the outer side (135). The outer front panel and outer back panel are not connected on the outer second side (140). The outer second side (140) remains open to allow the inner panel (200) to slide through and to allow the pleated filter media (20) to stretch across both frames. The outer front panel (105) and the outer back panel (115) each have at least two supports members (300, 310, 320, and 330). The support members create an open space in both the outer front panel (105) and the outer back panel (115). The spaces, an outer front panel opening (110) and an outer back panel opening (120), allow air to pass through the apparatus across the pleated filter media (20). In a preferred embodiment, the sides are glued together to form the panels.

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[00034] FIG 3 is a view of the two parts of the inner frame (200). The inner frame (200) is similar to the outer frame (100) shown in FIG 2. The inner frame (200) has an inner front panel (205), an inner back panel (215), an inner top side (225), an inner bottom side (230), an inner first side (235), and an inner second side (240). The inner front

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panel (205) and inner back panel (215) are connected at the inner top side (225), the inner bottom side (230), and the inner side (235). Again, the front panel (205) and back panel (215) are not connected on the inner second side (240) to allow the pleated filter media (20) to stretch across both panels. The inner front panel (205) has at least two inner front supports members (400 and 410) to create an inner front panel opening (210). The inner back panel (215) also has at least two inner back supports members (420 and 430) to create an inner back panel opening (220). Again, the openings allow air to pass through the apparatus across the pleated filter media (20). The inner frame (200) can also include a measuring tape (501).

10 **[00035]** The pleated filter media (20) has a pleated first edge (22) and a pleated second edge (24), as shown in FIG 4. An expandable mesh (30) is portioned on one side of the pleated filter media (20). A typical expanded mesh usable in this invention is available from Expanded Technology, of Brunswick Maine or Dorstener of Houston, Texas.

15 **[00036]** The expandable mesh (30) is laminated to the pleated filter media (20). The expandable mesh (30) can be laminated with hot glue. The pleats in the pleated filter media (20) allow the material to shrink and expand with the changing length of the apparatus. The pleated filter media (20) can have between 4 pleats per foot and 30 pleats per foot. The expandable mesh (30) can also be an expanded aluminum mesh.

20 The bonded wire mesh is laminated to the filter media. Further, the wire mesh can be a welded wire.

[00037] FIG 5 is an expanded perspective view of the apparatus. In particular, FIG 5 shows that the pleated filter media (20) is disposed inside the outer frame (100) and the inner frame (200). The pleated first edge (22) is attached to the outer first side (135) of the outer frame (100). The pleated second edge (24) is attached to the inner first side (235) of the inner frame (200). Since the pleated filter media (20) is attached in such a manner, the media can expand and shrink with the length of the apparatus as the inner frame (200) slides in and out of the outer frame (100) affecting the overall

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length.

5 [00038] The support members can form an “X” shape, a “diamond” shape, cut design, rectangular shape, square shape, a shape of a circle with radial arms, or combinations thereof. The die cut design can be a logo for a company. FIG 1 through FIG 5 shows the embodiment of the “X” shape. FIG 6a shows the embodiment of the diamond” shape. FIG 6b shows the embodiment of the combination of the “X” shape and the “diamond” shape. FIG 6c shows the embodiment of the rectangular shape, three support members in a parallel orientation. FIG 6d shows the embodiment of a circle (506) with radial arms (508 and 510). The alternative embodiments of support member shapes can be found in the outer front panel (105), the outer back panel (115), the inner front panel (205), and the inner back panel (215). 10

15 [00039] The apparatus can have a width of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, 1 and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, 3 and $\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Any width within this range is acceptable. Also, as to size for the apparatus, it is contemplated that for a 1, 2 or 4 inch pleat, the range for a nominal size would run from 12 inches x 12 inches x 1 inch to 25 inches x 50 x 1 inches, and for an actual size, would range from 11.5 x 11.5 x 1 through 24.5 x 49.5 x 1 inch.

[00040] The outer frame (100) and the inner frame (200) can have the shape of a rectangle, square, or circle. The preferred embodiment is a rectangle.

20 [00041] The outer frame (100) can have a first horizontal support and a first vertical support and the inner frame (200) can have a second horizontal support and a second vertical support. FIG 6e is a front view of a support configuration wherein at least one vertical (504) member and one horizontal member (502) are used in the outer frame (100). Again, in alternative embodiments, this support member shape can be found in the outer front panel (105), the outer back panel (115), the inner front panel (205), and the inner back panel (215). 25

[00042] In another alternative, the outer frame (100) can have a first circle support member

engaging at least two opposing edges on the first frame and the inner frame (200) can have a second circle support member engaging at least two opposing edges on the second frame.

5 **[00043]** The apparatus can also have a locking component (500) disposed on the outer frame to prevent movement of the inner frame while supporting the filter media. FIG 5 shows the locking components (500). The locking component can be tape or a slidable tab.

10 **[00044]** An embodiment is an air conditioning system. The air conditioning system involves the apparatus (10) for air filtration as described herein, an air intake, and a blower connected to an intake duct having a first end and a second end. The air intake duct connects to the air intake on the first end and connects the blower on the second end. The air conditioning system also has a motor to drive the blower for blowing air from the intake duct second end to a coil. A heating element in the system communicates with the coil for receiving air that passed over the coil. A condensing unit connects to the coil and controls coil temperature. The system also has outflow ducts that direct the
15 flowing air from the heating element to an air return. The apparatus for air filtration is located in the air return.

20 **[00045]** An embodiment is a heating system. Like the air conditioning system, the heating system involves the apparatus (10) for air filtration as described herein, an air intake, and a blower connected to an intake duct having a first end and a second end. The heating system also has a motor, a heating element, a condensing unit, and an outflow duct. The apparatus for air filtration is located in the air return.

[00046] While this apparatus has been described with emphasis on the preferred embodiments, it should be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the apparatus might be practiced other than as specifically described herein.